## Fiscal Estimate - 2003 Session

☑ Orig	inal		Updated	Ħ	Corrected		Supple	emental
LRB Num	ber <b>03-4</b>	216/5		Introd	uction N	umber	SB-527	7
Subject								
Property tax	exemption for i	eased re	esidential propert	у				
Fiscal Effect						,		
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Fund Sources Affected Affected Ch. 20 Appropriations  GPR FED PRO PRS SEG SEGS								
Agency/Prep	ared By		Auth	orized Si	gnature			Date
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## Fiscal Estimate Narratives DOR 3/11/2004

LRB Number <b>03-4216/5</b>	Introduction Number	SB-527	Estimate Type	Original
Subject				
Property tax exemption for lease	ed residential property			

## **Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate**

Under current law, property that is owned by an organization exempt from property taxes and leased retains its tax exemption only if the lessee is also exempt from property taxes. In a 2003 decision (Columbus Park Housing Corporation v. Kenosha), the Wisconsin Supreme Court held that property owned by Columbus Park, a non-stock, non-profit corporation that buys and rehabilitates residential property and rents these properties to qualified low-income families, was not exempt from property taxation. The Court ruled that since the low-income families that rent from Columbus Park are not exempt from property taxes, Columbus Park's property was not exempt from property taxation. Previous to the decision, an organization such as Columbus Park was considered to be a benevolent association whose property was exempt under the provisions of sec. 70.11 (4), Wisc. Stats.

Under the bill, retroactive to 2002 assessments, the following types of property would be exempt from property taxes: (1) Property owned and exclusively used by a benevolent association for housing senior citizens, including residential care facilities, community-based residential facilities, nursing homes, and other housing. (2) Rental housing projects whose bonds qualify for exemption from income taxes under section 142 (d)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code. To qualify, a housing project must either (a) rent at least 20% of its units to people whose income is no more than 50% of the area median, or (b) rent at least 40% of its unit to people whose income is no more than 60% of the area median. (3) Property owned by an organization exempt from income taxes under section 501 (c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code that is used as a homeless shelter, domestic violence shelter, or transitional housing facility.

Based on information from the exemption summary reports filed by municipalities with the Department of Revenue in 2002, it is estimated that about \$862 million in housing would become taxable under the Columbus Park decision. By making the exemption retroactive, municipalities will not be permitted to assess taxes on these properties for the 2002 and 2003 assessment years under omitted tax statutes. Assuming that the entire \$862 million would become exempt under the bill, and using the statewide average net tax rate for 2002/03 of \$20.55 per \$1,000 equalized value, this bill will shift about \$17.7 million (\$862 million X 0.02055) in property taxes to other property.

If the property affected by this bill had become taxable, renters would have qualified for the Homestead Credit, to the extent they met the income and other requirements for that credit. By exempting this housing from property taxes, the bill eliminates credits for these renters. (An exception exists for exempt housing that makes in lieu of tax payments, tenants of which can qualify for the credit.) Assuming that credit could have been claimed on the entire \$17.7 million in property taxes that would have been paid, and assuming that the credit would have equaled 45.2% of rent paid (the percent claimed on credit claims in 2003), this bill the Homestead Credit by approximately \$8 million per year.

The State of Wisconsin imposes a tax of \$0.20 per \$1,000 of equalized value for purposes of state forestry programs. This bill will reduce the state forestation tax by \$172,400 (\$862 million X 0.0002).

Long-Range Fiscal Implications

## Fiscal Estimate Worksheet - 2003 Session

Detailed Estimate of Annual Fiscal Effect

☑ Original	Updated	Corrected	Supplemental
LRB Number 03-421	6/5	Introduction Num	ber <b>SB-527</b>
Subject		-	
Property tax exemption for leas			
I. One-time Costs or Revenue	e Impacts for St	ate and/or Local Governm	ent (do not include in
annualized fiscal effect):			
II. Annualized Costs:			cal Impact on funds from:
		Increased Costs	Decreased Costs
A. State Costs by Category		T	
State Operations - Salaries a	and Fringes	\$	
(FTE Position Changes)			
State Operations - Other Cos Local Assistance	sts		
<del></del>			2.222.222
Aids to Individuals or Organiz		+	-8,000,000
TOTAL State Costs by C		\$	\$-8,000,000
B. State Costs by Source of F	-unds	T	
GPR FED			-8,000,000
PRO/PRS			
SEG/SEG-S		<del> </del>	
		<u> </u>	
III. State Revenues - Complet revenues (e.g., tax increase, o	e this only wner decrease in lice	n proposal will increase or nse fee, ets.)	decrease state
		Increased Rev	Decreased Rev
GPR Taxes		\$	\$
GPR Earned			
FED			
PRO/PRS			
SEG/SEG-S			-172,400
TOTAL State Revenues		\$	\$-172,400
	NET ANNUALIZ	ZED FISCAL IMPACT	
		<u>State</u>	Local
NET CHANGE IN COSTS		\$-8,000,000	\$
NET CHANGE IN REVENUE		\$-172,400	\$
Agency/Prepared By	Au	uthorized Signature	Date
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